

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DP 2595 Closed Cell Foam Spray Adhesive

Revision Date: September 12, 2018 **Version #:** 3.0 **Supersedes Date:** March 16, 2018

Section 1 – Product And Company Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name: Closed Cell Foam Spray Adhesive

Product Code: DP 2595

Product ID's: 17-0000-0165-5, 17-0000-0166-3

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Adhesive

1.3. Supplier's details

Manufactured For: Design Polymerics

Address: 3301 W. Segerstrom Ave., Santa Ana, CA 92704

Information Phone: (714) 432-0600

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Chem-Tel: (800) 255-3924 (24 hours)

Section 2 - Hazard Identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Flammable Liquid: Category 1.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2B.

Carcinogenicity: Category 1B.

Simple Asphyxiant.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (central nervous system): Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Flame | Exclamation mark | Health Hazard |

Pictograms







Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

Causes eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Causes damage to organs: cardiovascular system

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: respiratory system

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Specific treatment (see Notes to Physician on this label).

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight.

Keep cool.

Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

Notes to Physician:

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

55% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute inhalation toxicity

Section 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	40-50 Trade Secret*
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	10 -30 Trade Secret*
Non-hazardous Components (NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7230)	Trade Secret*	20-40 Trade Secret*
Isobutane	75-28-5	5 - 10 Trade Secret*
Propane	74-98-6	5 - 10 Trade Secret*
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	< 3 Trade Secret*
Talc	14807-96-6	< 0.2 Trade Secret*

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

Section 5 – Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for flammable liquids such as dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Aldehydes	During Combustion
Hydrocarbons	During Combustion
Formaldehyde	During Combustion
Methane	During Combustion
Chlorine	During Combustion
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion
Hydrogen Chloride	During Combustion
Ketones	During Combustion
Oxides of Nitrogen	During Combustion
Phosgene	During Combustion
Oxides of Sulfur	During Combustion
Toxic Vapor, Gas, Particulate	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person.

Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

Section 7 – Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

For industrial or professional use only. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required. To minimize the risk of ignition, determine applicable electrical classifications for the process using this product and select specific local exhaust ventilation equipment to avoid flammable vapor accumulation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment if there is potential for static electricity accumulation during transfer.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	AIHA	TWA:1880 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	CMRG	TWA:1000 ppm	
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):2 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin
Talc	14807-96-6	CMRG	TWA(as respirable dust):0.5 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration(as total dust): 0.3 mg/m3	
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA concentration (respirable):0.1 mg/m3 (2.4 millions of particles/cu. ft.)	
Talc	14807-96-6	OSHA	TWA:20 millions of particles/cu. ft.	
Propane	74-98-6	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Propane	74-98-6	OSHA	TWA:1800 mg/m3(1000 ppm)	
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	ACGIH	TWA:50 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	OSHA	TWA:25 ppm;STEL:125 ppm	Skin Notation, 29 CFR1910.1052
Natural gas	75-28-5	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	
Isobutane	75-28-5	ACGIH	STEL:1000 ppm	
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	ACGIH	Limit value not established:	simple asphyxiant

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Fluoroelastomer

Polymer laminate

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

Organic vapor respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Liquid

Odor, Color, Grade: Various colors; solvent odor.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point -44 °F

Flash Point -156 °F [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Evaporation rateNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableFlammable Limits(LEL)1.8% volumeFlammable Limits(UEL)18% volumeVapor PressureNo Data AvailableVapor Density>=1 [Ref Std:AIR=1]

Density 1.2 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.2 [Ref Std: WATER=1]

Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-waterNo Data AvailablePartition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableAutoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableDecomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

Hazardous Air Pollutants46.8% weight [Test Method: Calculated] **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents**632.4 g/l [Details: VOC for Europe only]

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents: 377.2 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1] **VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents:** 3.15 lb/gal [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not determined

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

May be harmful if swallowed

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Pneumoconiosis: Sign/symptoms may include persistent cough, breathlessness, chest pain, increased amounts of sputum, and changes in lung function tests.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Gr[/ 2A" Probable Human Carc	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Anticipated Human Carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	Cancer Hazard	OSHA Carcinogens

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Can aggravate pre-existing cardiovascular disease.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >2,000- 5,000 mg/kg
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	Rat	LD50> 2,000 , g/kg
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 63.7 mg/l
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,410 m g/kg
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 164,000 ppm
Isobutane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254	Dermal	Not Available	LD50>2,000 m g/kg
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254	Ingestion	Not Available	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50>200,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Nitrogen	Inhalation-Gas		LC50 estimated to be > 50,000 ppm
Nitrogen	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Talc	Dermal		LD50 Not Available
Talc	Ingestion		LD50 Not Available

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	mild irritant
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254)		No significant irritation
Isobutane		No significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	minimal irritation
Nitrogen		No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Methylene Chloride	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
Non-Hazardous Components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7254)		No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	no significant irritation
Talc	Rabbit	mild irritant
Nitrogen		No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Non-hazardous components (NJTS Reg.No. 04499600-7236)		Not Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Talc	Human	Not Sensitizing

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Methylene Chloride	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Methylene Chloride	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Dimethyl Ether	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Dimethyl Ether	In vivo	not mutagenic
Isobutane	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Propane	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Talc	In Vitro	not mutagenic
Talc	in vivo	not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

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Name	Route	Species	Value		
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Multiple Animal	Carcinogenic		
		Species			
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Rat	Not Carcinogenic		
Talc	Inhalation	Rat	some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	2 generation
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	during gestation
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 40,000 ppm	during organogenesis
Talc	Ingestion	Not Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene Chloride	Dermal	Blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	4 hours
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Central nervous	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	Occupational exposure
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	
Methylene Chloride	Inhalation	Respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	NOAEL Not available		
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Rat	LOAEL 10,000ppm	30 minutes
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	Cardiac sensitization	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 1000,000 ppm	5 minutes
Isobutane	Inhalation	Central nervous system depression	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal	NOAEL not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	Respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	Respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL not available	
Propane	Inhalation	Cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL not available	

Propane	Inhalation	Central nervous system depression	may cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL not available	
Propane	Inhalation	Respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Methylene chloride	inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, But the data are not sufficient For classification	rat	LOAEL 6.95 mg/l	2 years
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	liver	some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	rat	NOAEL 0.17 mg/l	2 years
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	multiple species	LOAEL 35 mg/l	8 weeks
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	heart	Some positive data exists, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL not available	
Methylene Chloride	inhalation	immune system	All data are negative	Rat	NOEL 18 mg/l	28 days
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1,200 mg/kg/day	3 months
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	blood	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day	2 years
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,469 mg/kg/day	3 months
Methylene Chloride	Ingestion	eyes	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 249 mg/kg/day	104weeks
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 25,000 ppm	2 years
Dimethyl Ether	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	NOAEL 20,000 ppm	30 weeks
Isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks
Talc	Inhalation	pneumonconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL not available	Occupational Exposure
Talc	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis respiratory system	Some positive data exist but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 18 mg/m3	113 weeks

Aspiration Hazard

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Section 12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be

capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

Section 14 – Transport Information

Transport Protective Service

Protective service not required

NMFC Item

004620

NMFC Sub:

03

NMFC Class:

065.0

Flash Point (Closed-cup): No Flash Point

United States department of transportation - ground (U.S. DOT, 49 CFR)

UN3501, CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., (DIMETHYL ETHER, PROPANE), 2.1

United States department of transportation - vessel (U.S. DOT, 49 CFR)

UN3501, CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., (DIMETHYL ETHER, PROPANE), 2.1

International air transport association (IATA)

UN3501, CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., (DIMETHYL ETHER, PROPANE), 2.1

International maritime organization (IMO)

UN3501, CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., (DIMETHYL ETHER, PROPANE), 2.1

The classification is authorized by the Competent Authority of the United States of America and may not meet the requirements of other competent authorities.

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. AS THE SHIPPER YOU REMAIN RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS, INCLUDING PROPER TRANSPORTATION CLASSIFICATION AND PACKAGING. Manufacturer's transportation classifications are based on product formulations, packaging, manufacturer's policies and manufacturer's understanding of applicable current regulations and is valid for the original package only. Manufacturer does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and NOT THE PACKAGING, LABELING, OR MARKING REQUIREMENTS. The original manufacturer's package is certified for U.S. ground shipment only. If you are shipping by air or ocean, the package may not meet applicable regulatory requirements

Section 15 – Regulatory Information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Physical Hazards

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health Hazards

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

 Ingredient
 C.A.S. No
 % by Wt

 Methylene Chloride
 75-09-2
 40-50

15.2. State Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. Contact manufacturer for more information

15.4. International Regulations

Contact manufacturer for more information

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Creation Date: May 15, 2015

Revision Date: September 12, 2018. Supersedes all previous

Version #: 3.0

Revision Notes: Review and Update All Sections

Prepared By: Technical Department

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